# STORMWATER MANAGEMENT OUTLINE

Sage Creek Fire Station # 27 Fire Paramedic Service Winnipeg, Manitoba

> Prepared by: STEVENSON ENGINEERING LIMITED 1535 Hyde Park Road London, Ontario N6H 5L4 Project No. 2010-08

### 23 September 2010

City of Winnipeg
Fire Paramedic Service
2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, 185 King Street
Winnipeg, Manitoba R3B 1J1

Attention:

Mr. Reid Douglas

Deputy Chief, Support Services

Dear Mr. Douglas,

Re:

Stormwater Management Outline

Sage Creek Fire Station # 27

### 1.0 Introduction

This Stormwater Management Report outlines the measures to be used to control quantity and quality of the stormwater run-off from the proposed new fire Station on Sage Creek Boulevard. The site is located on the north side of the road about 70 metres east of Lagimodiere Boulevard. This report is prepared on behalf of the Support Services Group to support the development application and to satisfy the drainage criteria of the City of Winnipeg.

#### 2.0 Criteria

Any new development in Winnipeg must provide on-site retention to control and contain post development peak run-off flows for the minor storm event of 1:5 year and the major storm event of 1:25 year to pre-development flows for the 1:5 year storm.

The Best Management Plan Features for this site indicate that the total storage requirements for flood control, protection of stream morphology, water quality protection and base flow augmentation for impervious areas would require "basic" measures.

The "basic" protection level (60% long term removal of TSS) is considered for this site. The water quality storage volume required for this protection level considering 85% impervious level using a dry pond SWMP type would be 240 m3/ha.

### 3.0 Pre-Development Conditions

The site is currently vacant. The topography has a slight grade (0.5 %) from northeast to southwest.

The property is bounded on the north, east, and west by vacant lands currently under an application for a retail commercial mall complex. Sage Creek Boulevard is on the south boundary.

The Municipality's site plan development policy is that all surface rainfall runoff be contained within the site. The total area considered for Stormwater Management is 0.50 hectares with 0% imperviousness.

The Rational Method is being used since the site area is less than 5 ha. The equivalent run-off coefficient for the entire site is considered to be, C = 0.20. The predevelopment conditions are presented on Drawing LG-1.

There are municipal sanitary, storm and water services on Sage Creek Boulevard.

Using the Drainage Criteria Manual from the City of Winnipeg, Table 2.5, 5 year return for 5minutes duration and the Rational Method for calculating runoff values, the pre-development runoff flow, Q pre was calculated to be 39.85 litres per second. This value is shown in the print out calculations in Appendix A. This run-off flow would require a 75 mm diameter with a hydraulic head of 1.5metres

A geotechnical investigation was prepared by TBT Engineering Consulting Group in August 2010. The existing soils are considered to be mainly stiff clay to depths of 11 and 13 metres. This type of material does not allow for ground water infiltration and therefore was not considered for stormwater dispersal.

# 4.0 Post-Development Flows

The post development conditions were based on information taken from the Site Plan provided by Murphy & Murphy Architects. The proposed development consists of new one storey fire and paramedic station building, asphalt parking area along the west side of the property. Development is planned to proceed in late 2010 through to completion in 2011.

For the developed site, the equivalent run-of coefficient is calculated to be  $C_{pre} = 0.54$ , and is presented in Appendix A.

### 5.0 Critical Storage Volume for Retention

Considering the post development conditions of 2, 5, and 25 year storm return event and outlet control to pre-development conditions for the 5 year storm event, the volume of excess rainfall to be stored on site is presented in the table below.

The stormwater management in the form of a retention basin has been considered in the southeast side of the site. See Drawing LG-3

Using the 75 mm diameter restrictor to control the impact on the Municipal sewer, we calculated the volumes restricted to the 39.92 L/sec. The calculations are included in Appendix B.

In summary, the required volumes are tabulated below.

Return Storm	Peak Flow Q, L/s	Storage Volume V, m3 12.66		
2	80.90			
5	106.27	24.79		
25	147.94	48.71		

# 6.0 <u>Mitigating Measures</u>

In accordance with Municipal standard to maintain runoff to pre-development conditions, this SWM report considers an allowable run-off of Q = 39.85 L/s as outlined in Section 3.0. Therefore, there will be no negative impact on the municipal sewer.

## 6.1 Stormwater Reservoir

It is proposed to control the excess run-off in arecessed yard depression, a dry type detention pond, in the southeast corner of the property. See Drawing LG-1, Appendix C.

The storm drainage run off is directed overland by proper grading and roof water drains into the proposed catchbasins and drainage piping. The storm sewer system is connected to a 300 diametre sewer connected to the existing 1350 diametre Municipal sewer on the boulevard.

Our calculations indicate that the 25 year storm volume will be discharged in approximately 1 hour.

### 6.2 Outlet Control

In order to control the excess volume, a restricting circular orifice, 75 mm diameter will be installed in the outlet pipe of the proposed storm manhole CBMH 1. See a detail section on Drawing SS-1.

#### 6.3 Stormwater Quality Measures

In order to further contain the amount of sediments and various pollutants within the site, we recommend that deep sumps and goss traps be provided in the out letting pipe of each catchbasin. These goss traps and parking lot ponding will provide a 60% long term removal of total suspended solids i.e. basic level of protection.

The storm volume for the impervious level is 48.71/0.2384 = 204 m3/ha which is close to the recommended value of 240 m3/ha for 85% impervious level.

#### 6.4 Maintenance Measures

We recommend, as a minimum, annual clean out of the catchbasins and CBMH 1. It may be possible to reduce the frequency of the times of cleaning once the amount of sediment becomes known.

# 7.0 Summary

The stormwater run-off from this site will be controlled in the following manner:

- 7.1 The retention facility consists of yard storage reservoir i.e. a dry pond. The maximum volume of water retained is 57.8 cm. The required amount for the 1:25 year storm event amounts to 48.71 cm.
- 7.2 The storm drainage outlet will be controlled by a circular orifice 75 mm diameter located in the storm manhole CBMH 1. The discharge rate at 1.5 meter head is 39.85 L/sec.

7.3 The stormwater quality control will be enhanced by providing sumps and goss traps in the storm sewer system.

These facilities will provide a basic level of protection for Total Suspended Solids

7.4 Annual cleaning catchbasins and the catchbasin manhole will insure the efficiency of the quality control measures on the property.

Sincerely,
STEVENSON ENGINEERING LIMITED

Certificate of Authorization

Stevenson Engineering Limited

No. 4851 Date: 23 dept 2010

Mr. David Murphy, Architect

Appendix A

Consider predevelopment rainfall run-off

Area = 0.50 hectares

Run-off Coefficient. C= 0.20

Intensity, I

Where I =  $(25.4) 47.2 / (td+ 8)^{0.828}$  and where td = 5 minutes

I = (25.4)(47.2) / 8.3627

= 143.33 mm/hr

Using the Rational Method, Q pre

=2.78 C I A

= 2.78x0.20x143.33x0.50

= 39.85 L/sec

Appendix B

PAGE 1 OF 2 2010-08 DATE August 23, 2010 JOB NO.: Sage Creek Fire Station Storm Water Mangement For: PRE-DEVELOPMENT Locat Winnipeg Manitoba C C\*A Unit 4967 sm Murphy & Murphy Architect Inc. CLIENT: Lot area: **Building Area** sm 0.9 0.00 C A\*C POST-DEVELOPMENT 0.00 Parking/Gravel 0.9 4976 sm am Lot area: 621 Landscaping 4967 sm 0.2 993,40 690 0.9 **Building Areas** 993.40 Total 4967 sm 1694 sm 1524.6 Parking/Gravel 0.9 PRE-DEVELOPMENT 2585 sm 0.2 517 Landscape Time of concentration (t) 2662.6 5 min 4080 Total Slope 0.5% New "C" 0.54 02 0.50 Ha Q(allowed)= 39.85 Vs CH Area "A" 1.23 Acres PRE-DEVELOPMENT FLOW 4.32 Intensity at 20 minutes SITE STORAGE AT POST-DEVELOPMENT FLOWS FILL IN BOXES 2 YEAR 12.66 cm 5 YEAR 24 79 cm 25 YEAR 48.71 cm 100 YEAR 0 cm PIPE RESTRICTOR (MUST DO CALCULATIONS MANUALLY) 2 Years Orifice Opening based on Bernoulli's equation: Duration: Q=2.78\*C\*i\*A Capacity Difference Storage Q= 39.85 Vs intensity d\*t\*0.06 0.74 Vs. min Vs. l/s cm 12 32 109.15 80.90 39.85 41.05 10 82.23 60.95 39.85 21.10 12.66 Q=Cd\*A\*(/2gH) note:(/) is square root 66.68 49.43 39.85 9.58 8.62 Q= 39.85 Vs 15 -7.46 Cd= 0.6 constant 30 43.69 32.39 39.85 -13.43-19.86 -71.51 39.85 A='\_\_area of opening in s.m. 60 26.96 19.99 39.85 -27.97 -201.36 120 16.03 11.88 9.81 m/s 360 6.77 5.01 39.85 -34.84 -752.44 H= 1.5 m A= (Q)/{0.6\*(/2\*9.81\*H)}1000 720 3.88 2.88 39.85 -36.97 -1597.24 2.22 39.85 -38.21 -3301.01 0.0044147 sm 1.64 1440 Area=3.14159\*r\*r Storage: 12.66 cm r=(/{A/3.14159})= 0.0375 m Diameter= 0.075 m 75 mm New "C" 0.54 0.74 Ha Area "A" Duration: 5 Years intensity Q=2.78°C\*I\*A Capacity Difference Storage 0.74 d\*t\*0.06 min. 1/8 Vs. cm 5 143.36 106.27 39.85 66.42 19.92 10 109.50 81.17 39.85 41.32 24.79 15 89.39 66.26 39.85 26.41 23.77 30 58.98 43.72 39.85 3.87 6.97

Storage

39.85

39.85

39.85

39.85

39.85

39.85

-6.66

-12.85

-19.90

-23.86

-26.41

-28.22

45

60

90

120

150

180

44.78

36.43

26.92

21.58

18.13

15.70

33.19

27.00

19,95

15.99

13.44

11.63

24.79 cm

-17.98

-46.25

-107.45

-171.76

-237.73

-304.73

Storm Water Mangement For: what Location: where

New "C" Area "A"

0.54 0.50 Ha

Du	ration:		25 Years						
time intensity		Q=2.78*C*1*A		Capa	city	Difference		Storage d*t*0.06	
min. 5 10 15 30 45 60 90 120 150 180		199.59 154.33 126.78 84.24 64.05 52.10 38.45 30.76 25.80 22.30	0.74 8 147.94 114.40 93.97 62.44 47.47 38.62 28.50 22.80 19.12 16.53	Vs	39.85 39.85 39.85 39.85 39.85 39.85 39.85 39.85	Vs	108.09 74.55 54.12 22.59 7.62 -1.23 -11.35 -17.05 -20.73 -23.33	5 -1 3 -1 2 -2	32.43 44.73 48.71 40.66 20.59 -4.42 61.30 22.73 86.54 51.82
210		19.70	14.60	Storage	39.8	5	-25.25		48.71 cm

New "C" Area "A"

0.54 0.50 Ha

100 Years				
Q=2.78*C*i*A	Capacity	Difference	Storage d*t*0.06	
	Me	1	cm	
		22711	0.000	
(3100)				
- T.J. V	(7000)			
	1000			
Townson.	39.8	5 -39.85	-860.76	
	39.8	5 -39.85	-1721.52	
0.00	39.8	5 -39.88	5 -3443.04	
	Q=2.78*C* *A 0.74 I/s 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	Q=2.78*C*i*A Capacity 0.74  Vs Vs  0.00 39.8 0.00 39.8 0.00 39.8 0.00 39.8 0.00 39.8 0.00 39.8 0.00 39.8 0.00 39.8	Q=2.78*C*i*A Capacity Difference 0.74	

Storage:

cm

Appendix C